

Methods

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Program Development Using Methods

- The solution to a task can be developed by breaking the task down into smaller subtasks. These subtasks can then be reduced to yet simpler task. This problem-solving approach described a software development process called top-down development.

Program Development Using Methods

- In top-down development, the first level of subtasks translate into the main() method. Levels of tasks below main() are developed into a series of additional methods.

Writing Methods

- A method consists of a declaration and a body. The method declaration includes access level, return type, name, and parameters, if any. The method body contains the statements that implement the method. A method takes the form:

```
<access level> <return type> <name>  
    (<parameters>){  
    <statements>  
}
```

Method Parameters

- A method declaration can include method parameters, which accept values from the method call. The data passed to the method can then be used inside the method to perform its task.

Method Parameters

- Data is given, or passed to a method by enclosing the data in parentheses in the method call. The value or variable passed to a method is called the argument.

Method Parameters

- In Java, arguments are passed by value, which means that the data stored in an argument is passed. An argument that is a primitive data type gives the method a copy of its value. An argument that is an object gives the method a copy of its reference.
- When a method declaration includes more than one parameter term the parameters are separated by commas.

Method Overloading

- The method declaration is used by the compiler to determine which method is executed. Therefore, methods name do not have to be unique as long as the parameters are different for methods with the same name.
- Method overloading is when more than one method of the same name is included in a class.

The return Statement

- A method can return a value. The return statement is used to send a value back to the calling statement. A return statement can return only one “value”.
- A method that return a value must include the return type in the method declaration.

Documenting Methods

- Methods should be carefully commented so that a reader of the program understands what task the method is performing and what data, if any, will be returned by the method. Method documentation is in the form of documentation comments.